

Massbrev

INVANDRAR TIDNINGEN



Rösta den 15 september!



Söndagen den 15 september är det val till riksdagen, landstinget och kommunfullmäktige. Sedan 1976 har utländska medborgare rätt att rösta i kommunalval och landstingsval.

För att få rösta ska man ha fyllt 18 år samt ha varit bosatt i landet minst tre år (dvs folkbokförd den 1 november 1988, 1989 och 1990).

Alla röstberättigade personer får ett röstkort på posten och information på svenska om hur det går till att rösta. Samma information finns översatt till olika språk i den här tidningen. I innehållsförteckningen nedan står vilka språk det är.

Om du inte fått ditt röstkort eller om du tappat bort det kan du få ett nytt av det lokala skattekontoret.

INNEHÄLLSFÖRTECKNING

Valteknisk information finns översatt till följande språk:

Svenska	sid 2	Franska	sid 10
Engelska	sid 3	Tyska.....	sid 11
Finska	sid 4	Tigrinja	sid 12
Spaniska	sid 5	Nordkurdiska.....	sid 13
Serbokroatiska.....	sid 6	Sydkurdiska	sid 14
Turkiska	sid 7	Persiska	sid 15
Grekiska	sid 8	Arabiska	sid 16
Polska	sid 9		

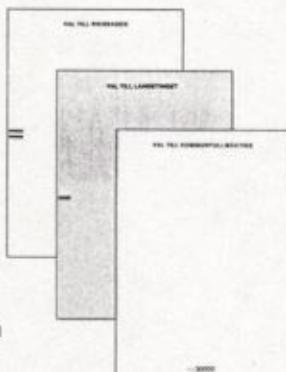
Ny lag om folkbokföringsregistret

Riksdagen har beslutat att man inte längre får använda medborgarskap som sökord i folkbokföringsregistret.

Därfor kan den här översatta informationen, om hur det går till att rösta, inte skickas hem till utländska medborgare på deras eget språk.

Men informationen kan kostnadsfritt hämtas på Invandrabyrån eller hos valnämnden i kommunen.

Dessutom görs en valtidning på svenska, som skickas hem till alla röstberättigade utländska medborgare ett par veckor före valet. Väldringen produceras i samarbete med Invandrarverket och de största politiska partierna.



Tre val - tre valsedlar

Valsedlarna ser olika ut för de tre valen.

Valsedeln för **riksdagsval** är gul och har två streck mitt på långsidorna.

Valsedeln för **landstingsval** är blå och har ett streck mitt på långsidorna.

Valsedeln för **val till kommunfullmäktige** är vit och saknar streck.

Partierna delar ut namnvalsedlar i brevlådan. Du kan också få valsedlar i valstugor och vid vallokalerna.

Sunday 15th September 1991 is the date for Riksdag, county council and municipal council elections in Sweden.

Sunday 20th October 1991 is the day for parochial church council elections.

You have already received a voting card. This shows which elections you are entitled to vote in. It also tells you where your polling station is and when it is open.



Voting at a polling station

At the polling station you show your voting card to a returning officer. You are given a voting envelope for each election.

In each voting envelope you put one voting slip for the party you want to vote for. You may only put one slip in each envelope. You must not fold the slip.

If, due for example to disability, you are unable to put the voting slip in the voting envelope yourself, you can ask for help. You can ask the returning officers or some other person you have chosen.

When voting, you must go behind a screen so that nobody can see how you vote.

Afterwards you give your envelopes to the returning officers. They put a mark in the electoral roll to show that you have voted, and they put your envelopes into the ballot boxes.

When you go to vote, it is a good idea to take your voting card and evidence of your identity with you.



Advance voting

You can vote in advance if you will not be able to vote at a polling station on Election Day. Advance voting is possible both here in Sweden and abroad. The procedure is the same as at the polling station.

At the post office

You can vote at a post office between 22nd August and 15th September. In this case you must take your voting card and evidence of your identity with you.

In hospital

You can vote in hospital, in a service block or some other caring institution on Sunday 8th September. Ask at the post office or ask your municipal authorities when and where you can vote. You must take your voting card and evidence of your identity with you.

A broad

You can vote at Swedish embassies and consulates from 22nd August onwards. The embassy/consulate can tell you where and when you will be able to vote. You can also phone the Ministry for Foreign Affairs on 08-786 60 00, or the National Tax Board on 08-764 80 00. You must take your voting card and evidence of your identity or a Swedish passport when you go to vote.

You can also vote on board certain Swedish ships abroad, starting on 22nd July.

Voting by proxy

If you are unable to deliver your own voting slips, you can send your vote with somebody else. This is called voting by proxy, and to do it you need what are called voting papers. Special envelopes are obtainable from the political parties and at all places where you

can vote. So too is an information sheet explaining the procedure. The procedure is also explained on one of the envelopes you have to use.



Parochial elections

On Sunday 20th October 1991 you can elect the people who are going to run your church. You can vote in a parochial or inter-parochial church council election. The type of election will depend on where you live. If you are entitled to vote in church elections, you will have received a special voting card. This will tell you where you can vote and at what hours.

Voting slips are white for parochial church council elections, blue for inter-parochial church council elections.

In these elections too you can vote at a post office, between 26th September and 17th October.

Otherwise voting procedure is the same as for the September elections.

VOTING SLIPS

Voting slips with names of candidates on them are put through your letter box. Voting slips are also obtainable at election campaign offices and at polling stations.

Three elections – the voting slips

The voting slip for Riksdag elections is yellow and has two lines half way down the left and right sides.

The voting slip for county council elections is blue, with one line half way down the left and right sides.

The voting slip for municipal council elections is white and does not have any lines half way down.

Voting slips are of three different kinds

Name voting slips carry the name of the party and the names of the candidates. You can cross out the names of candidates you do not want to vote for. You can also add names of new candidates. For further information, ask the political parties or your municipal election committee.

Party voting slips just give the name of the party. You can add

names of candidates yourself. Wherever you can vote you will find lists of candidates registered by the parties.

Fill-in voting slips are blank slips on which you can enter both the name of the party and the names of candidates. Wherever you can vote you will find party voting slips for Moderata Samlingspartiet, Center, Folkpartiet liberalerna, Arbetarepartiet – Socialdemokraterna, Vänsterpartiet, Miljöpartiet de Gröna and Kristdemokratiska Samhällspartiet (KdS). Fill-in slips are also obtainable.